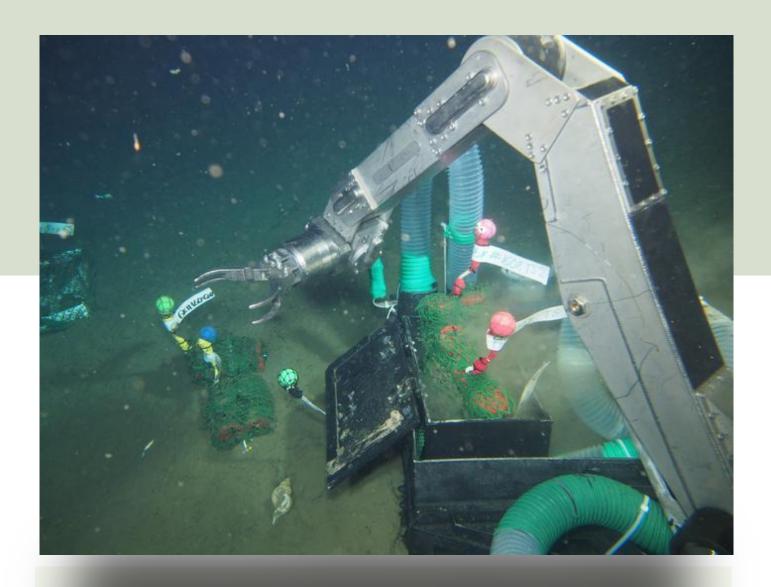


Planet Pulse

A rhythmic check-in on climate issues





Researchers submerged LAHB films at a depth of 855 meters to test real-world deep-sea biodegradation. After 13 months, the LAHB plastic lost over 80% of its mass, showing its potential as a safer alternative to conventional plastics that persist in marine ecosystems.



Can we dissolve the problem?

- Researchers at Japan's Shinshu University achieved a first in the world of plastics.
- They have developed a plastic made from microbes that decomposes in deep ocean conditions.
- Professor Seichi Taguchi said "The study provides a pathway for safer alternatives to conventional plastics and supports the transition to a circular bioeconomy."
- Given the mounting problem plastic waste is creating, let's hope he's correct.



Dam, that's big!

- China has started construction on the world's largest hydropower plant.
- At a cost of \$170 billion, the Yarlung Tsangpo dam is expected to generate 300 billion kilowatt-hours of electricity annually
- The electricity that will be produced will equal the power consumed in Britain last year.
- The project is expected to be completed in the 2030s.
- Add another clean energy area that China wants to dominate.

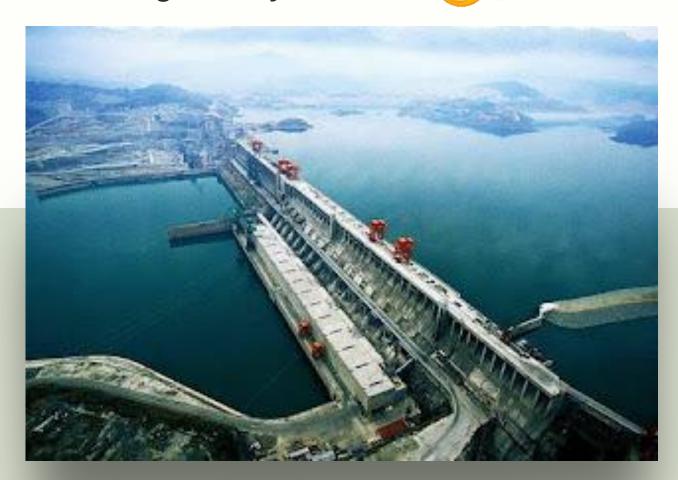






Off kilter – that can't be good

- Speaking of dams, scientists at Harvard have discovered that the hundreds of billions of gallons of dammed-up water have slightly shifted the Earth's poles from their axial rotation.
- The effect was explained in the following way:
 - Imagine Earth is a beach ball spinning on your finger. If someone stuck a
 wad of gum on the ball, it might wobble on its axis of rotation and move to
 adjust to the increase in mass.
- Jim Davis a Columbia University geodesist said, "The mass motions reveal both important natural processes in the Earth system, as well as significant humaninduced changes..."
- Great, yet another thing to worry about.



The Three Gorges Dam in China is the world's largest.







Smokey goes tech

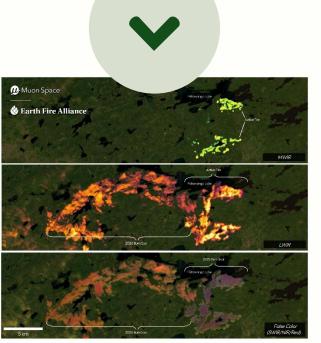


- FireSat Protoflight can detect fires as small as 5 x 5 meters.
- Once fully operational, it will scan regions every 20 minutes.
- The first three satellites are expected to deploy in mid-2026.

Google Research, in partnership with Muon Space and the Erath Fire Alliance recently unveiled a new satellite-based tool designed to achieve early detection of wild fires.







Nipigon Fire Ontario, Canada



A small roadside fire Oregon, USA





Unbiased and Unfiltered

An honest assessment of the cleantech industry and the effort to stem climate change.

