

## HALO Working Group Meeting

### Meeting Summary

Meeting Chair: Alex Reis			
<u>Date and Time</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Note Taker</u>	<u>Next Meeting Date</u>
June 23, 2025, 1:00pm – 2:30pm ET	Virtual	Sadrina Petit, Project Analyst, Digital Health Interoperability	July 7, 2025, 1:00pm- 2:30pm ET
<b>Meeting Agenda:</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. CO- Chair Update</li> <li>2. App Launch Overview</li> <li>3. App Launch Deep Dive – In Simplifier</li> <li>4. Q&amp;A / Collaboration</li> </ol>			
Presenters			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Alex Reis   Director, Digital Health Interoperability, Canada Health Infoway</li> <li>• Colin Kent-Shepherd   Software Architect, Hamilton Health Sciences</li> </ul>			
Invited Guests			
Public			

### 1. Welcome and Introductions

A. Reis welcomed all participants to the working group meeting and introduced Colin Kent-Shepherd. Meeting materials and recording of the session will be made available on the InfoCentral working group.

### 2. Content Presentation

The Infoway team presented each of the agenda items as outlined above. The meeting covered how the HALO framework extends SMART on FHIR to support both standard and accelerator flows, enhancing interoperability. The app-launch process includes generating a launch identifier, querying the well-known SMART configuration endpoint, and exchanging an authorization code for an access token. The session also discussed the set-context operation, which pre-populates the SOFA server with resources to ensure proper access control.

The presentation deck is available [HALO Working Group Meeting](#)

The video recording is available [HALO Working Group Meeting](#)

## Questions raised during the working group meeting:

### What is the expected deployment level for SOFA FHIR servers?

The blueprint assumes provincial-level deployment, but SOFA is extensible and could be stood up at smaller scopes (e.g., regional health authorities) if a jurisdiction prefers.

### How does data get into SOFA, how long does it stay, and who can see it?

- **Population mechanism:** The POC (e.g., EMR) uses the set-context operation to push its own local resources into the jurisdictional SOFA FHIR server for a given session.
- **Lifespan:** These resources are temporary and session-specific—SOFA is not a long-term data warehouse.
- **Access control:** Only the user who initiated set-context (and the smart app launched in that session) can access those resources; they are bucketed under the session's unique launch identifier.

### Can SMART on FHIR (and HALO) support instance-level access controls, such as highly confidential Observations?

Open Authorization scopes in SMART on FHIR work at the resource-type level; they do not convey per-instance permissions. Instance-level rules (e.g., via `meta.security`) must be enforced inside the FHIR server or vendor system rather than through scopes.

### Does HALO support the optional “finer-grained” SMART scopes that use FHIR search parameters?

Not in this release. HALO excludes those finer-grained scopes because they add significant complexity for POC implementers. A limited subset may be revisited in future versions if there's strong justification.

### What do user/ and patient/ scopes allow?

- `user/Observation.read` lets the app read any Observation resources the logged-in user is already authorized to see on that FHIR server.
- `patient/Observation.read` restricts access to Observations for the current patient context only. These scope prefixes ensure access remains bound to either the user's overall permissions or the specific patient in context.

